

### UNFPA Humanitarian Response Indicators

#### Indicators for the reporting period

- 4,473 Women accessed ANC services
- 876 Women provided with PNC services
- 717 Assisted deliveries
- 73 Caesarian sections performed
- 127 Women accessed post-abortion care services
- 1,099 Women reached with FP services
- 6,324 Condoms distributed
- 15,954 People reached with GBV messages



Ms. Ugochi Daniels, UNFPA Chief Humanitarian and Fragile Context Branch posing with adolescent and young people at UNFPA Youth Friendly Space in Juba POC1 © UNFPA/Amadou Baraze

### 1. Situation overview

The security situation remains of concern in some parts of the country. Recent inter-communal clashes in Upper Nile have caused the displacement of about 4,600 people to Malakal POCs with majority of them women and children. In Bentiu, Unity state the number of IDPs in POCs has risen from 56,000 since the last biometric registration in November 2014 to 75,000 people during the reporting period. (OCHA sitrep No. 82)

The Intergovernmental Authority for Development (IGAD) and the international community continued striving for a political solution to the South Sudanese crisis after the collapse of the peace talks in Addis Ababa on March 5, 2015. The timetable for the resumption of a new round of talks is yet to be announced by the IGAD.

Reproductive health and GBV partners continued service delivery for both IDPs and their host communities and a steady increase in deliveries in health facilities in POCs and IDP camps sites has been observed due to increased support to clinics in both technical and commodities and supplies.

UNFPA plans to reach 3.4 million people in South Sudan with Reproductive Health and GBV services in 2015.

### Overall Humanitarian Needs in 2015

- 12 million**  
Total population of South Sudan
- 6.4 million**  
Estimated number of people in need of humanitarian aid
- 3.4 million**  
Targeted with RH and GBV services
- 850,000**  
Women of Reproductive age group
- 140,000**  
Projected number of births
- 8,000**  
Projected births that will require caesarean section
- 32,000**  
Women and girls at risk of sexual violence
- 25 million**  
Funding required

## 2. UNFPA Emergency Response

### Reproductive Health

During the reporting period 4,473 pregnant women accessed antenatal care (ANC) services, 717 assisted deliveries were conducted, 876 women were provided with postnatal care (PNC) services, 127 women accessed post abortion care services, 1,365 clients counselled and tested for HIV and treated for STIs, 1,099 women accessed family planning services, 73 caesarean sections performed. No maternal death has been reported during this period. But it should be noted that a majority of pregnant women (over 70%) continue to deliver from their homes due to various reasons; insecurity, lack of access and cultural consideration among others.

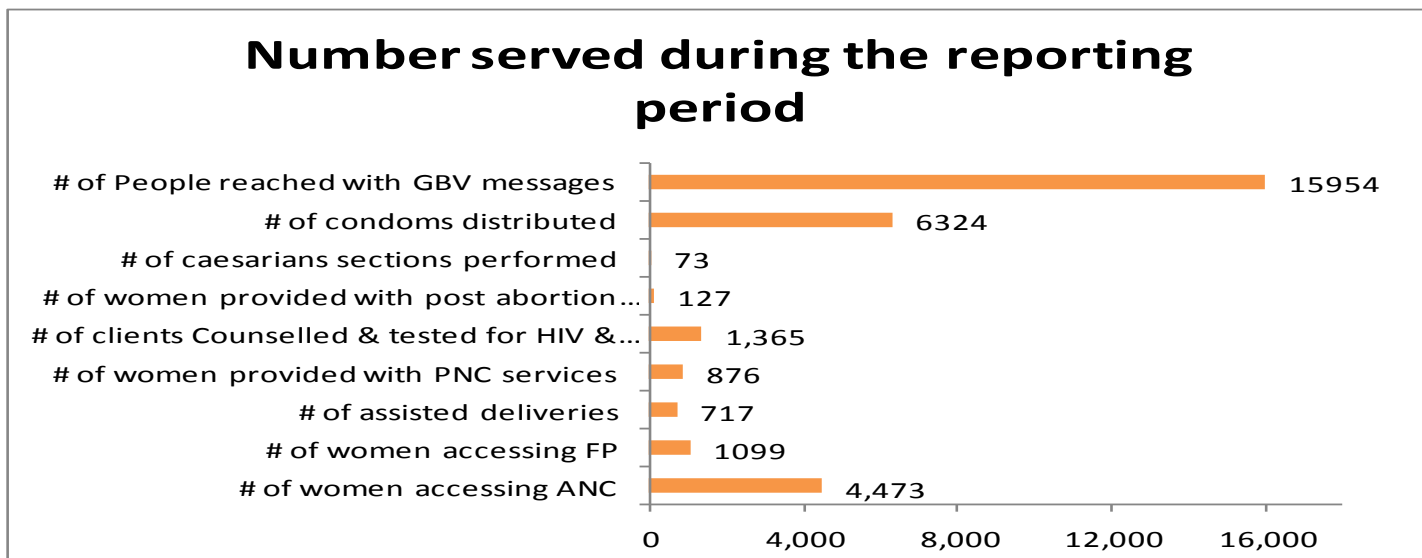
In Mingkaman, Lakes state, both IDP and host communities continued attending ANC services and a total of 207 pregnant women accessed ANC services and 27 deliveries were attended to by skilled providers during the reporting period. Also 207 young people aged between 14-19 years (125 girls and 82 boys) were reached with messages on ASRH, HIV and STI and teenage pregnancies.

There has been a sharp and steady increase in the number of pregnant mothers delivering in the health facilities in **Bentiu PoCs**. In the first quarter of 2015 alone, there has been over 250% increase in skilled birth attendance in health facilities. In Week 15, a total of 62 deliveries were recorded by CARE, IOM, IRC, and MSF-Holland facilities. This is a 270% increase from the 23 deliveries reported in Week 11.

The steady rise in the number of mothers seeking skilled birth attendance and coming to deliver in health facilities is a positive result of UNFPA's direct support to implementing partners that has resulted in improved quality of reproductive health care services in the Bentiu.



Mr. Dan Maina, UNFPA RH/GBV Coordinator in Bentiu met with community leaders in POCs to seek their engagement and support in mobilizing communities for RH and SGBV services.



## Gender Based Violence (GBV)

UNFPA continued to support partners in providing GBV services to survivors. During the reporting UNFPA trained Humanitarian partners on PSEA and a total of 10 people have been trained during the reporting period (7 men and 3 women). This sums to 66 humanitarian trained (14 women, 52 men). The next level will be training of the focal points from each agency and the establishment of complain mechanism.

Some 18,020 (9,087 women, 2,622 men, 4,182 girls and 2,129 boys) people were reached with GBV messages explaining where GBV survivors can go to find services and the benefits of reporting sexual violence cases to the health centre immediately.

In Mingkaman, UNFPA supported SAADO, a national NGO in the formation of Community Based protection network in IDP camp sites. Thirty (30) people per zone were invited for general awareness raising on GBV and protection in their community. The next step will be training them on GBV issues.

GBV partners launched the GBV Information Management System (GBVIMS) to facilitate data collection and information sharing between partners. These statistics are generated exclusively by GBV service providers who use the GBV Information Management System (GBV IMS) for data collection in the implementation of GBV response activities in a limited number of locations across South Sudan and with the consent of survivors.

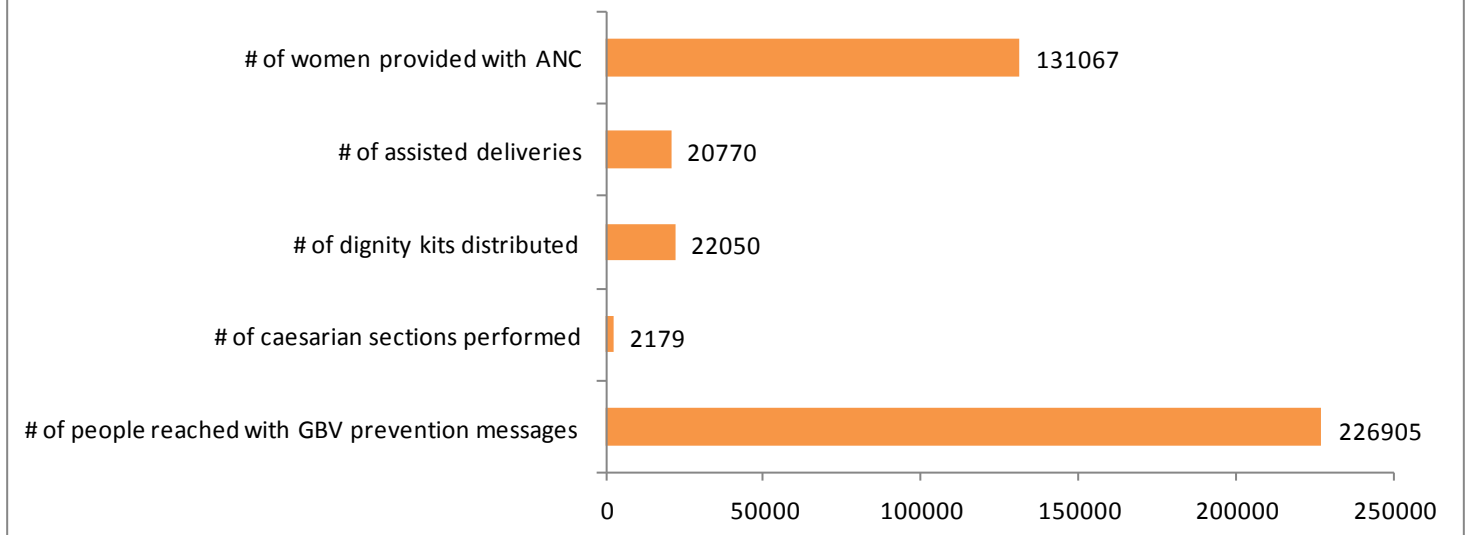


Ms. Ugochi Daniels and the UN Action Team members posing with Juba PoC3 Women Watch Group © UNFPA/Amadou Baraze

## Youth Engagement

Bentiu Youth Taskforce was launched to coordinate activities targeting the youth in Bentiu PoCs. UNFPA will co-lead the Task Force with Danish Refugee Council (DRC), and will focus mainly on supporting Adolescent and Young People Sexual and Reproductive Health interventions.

## Cumulative Numbers Reached with UNFPA Support to Date



### 3. Funding

Since the beginning of the year the South Sudan Country Office has so far mobilized \$7,849,922 from CHF & CERF (\$2,894,485), UNFPA Emergency Fund (\$1,150,510), Japan Government (\$3,220,000), and Denmark (\$584,927),

UNFPA has also received 750,000 USD from OFDA-USAID to strengthen GBV Sub-Cluster Coordination mechanism at National and State level.

UNFPA seeks 25 million USD to scale up its response and service provision to internally displaced people and their host communities.

### 4. Donors Supporting Operations of UNFPA in South Sudan

Canada



MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF DENMARK  
DANIDA



DFID Department for International Development



UNFPA Emergency Fund

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